

# The Newport Mercury.

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No. 4,150.

NEWPORT, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1841.

Established  
A. D. 1758

**THE NEWPORT MERCURY.**  
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY  
**J. H. BARBER.**  
No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

**TERMS**—Two Dollars per annum  
Advertisements not exceeding a square  
inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents  
will be charged for each subsequent inser-  
tion.—All Advertisements, except where  
an account is open, must be paid for previ-  
ously to insertion.

For Paper discontinued (unless at the dis-  
cretion of the Editor) until arrangements are  
made.—Single papers to be had at the Office  
only, carriers not being allowed to dispose  
of them.

## New Book of Instrumental Music.

**MUSICIANS COMPANION**, con-  
taining 18 complete sets of Co-  
llections, 85 hornpipes, 6 country dances,  
several marches, quick steps, waltzes,  
songs, &c. in all about 300 pieces, sev-  
eral of which are in three parts, for the  
violin, bass viol, clarinet, lute, &c.—  
also, several new and popular tunes ar-  
ranged in 6 or 8 parts, for bands—about  
100 of the above pieces are original, or  
first time printed. This immense Collec-  
tion is now for sale at the low price of  
\$1 50 cts. at the Book-store of  
**W. A. BARBER,**  
Aug. 14. No. 140, Thames-st.

## COTTAGE BUILDING LOTS

### And Real Estate, for Sale

**SEVERAL** very delightfully situated  
pieces of LAND, in the Southern  
part of the Town of Newport, near to the  
Narragansett Avenue and Bellevue street,  
which Land has been recently laid out in  
lots of 100 feet square, and will be sold  
in single lots, or in larger parcels, to suit  
purchasers.  
The proximity of this property to the  
Town, and to the Beach and Ocean, (as  
well as its nearness to the contemplated  
New Hotel) makes the situation decided-  
ly one of the most convenient, agreeable,  
and interesting for Summer residences  
of any on Rhode Island.  
There are also offered for Sale, about  
Forty Acres of Land, lying on both sides  
of Thames-street, south of the Codding  
ton Factory.  
A map of the whole can be seen at the  
Newport Exchange Bank, and terms of  
Sale made known on application there, or  
R. K. RANDOLPH, Esq.  
Newport, August 7, 1841—4w.

## FOR SALE.

**A** very pleasantly  
situated and valuable FARM,  
lying on the East side of  
this Island, and 4 1/2 miles  
from Newport, being partly in Middle-  
town and partly in Portsmouth, containing  
about 110 acres of excellent Land; it is  
well fenced with stone wall.—The Farm  
has on it a double two story dwelling  
house, a good wash room, chaise and  
milk house, crib & grain house, and a  
large double barn; all the above build-  
ings are in good repair—there is also a  
well of good soft water, and a water grist  
mill that will rent for \$60 per year, and  
is in excellent grinding order.—There is  
also a large full grown greenling orchard,  
and a young orchard; both orchards are  
in full bearing of fruit.—The Farm will  
be sold on reasonable terms as to price &  
credit, and any one wishing to secure an  
independence for life, will do well to  
purchase—it is seldom such a Farm is  
offered for sale on this Island. For fur-  
ther information and terms, apply to  
**ROBINSON POTTER.**  
Newport, Sept. 4, 1841.

**Alpacha Lustre.**  
**A** NEW article for MOURNING  
DRESSES. Also, Black Alpines,  
Blue black Mousseline de Laine, Doyles  
and Napkins, just received by  
Sept. 11. H. SESSIONS.

## Encourage Home Manufacture

## STOVES.

**FOR** burning WOOD or COAL, man-  
ufactured at the Newport Foundry,  
which for convenience or economy  
are not surpassed by any Cooking stove  
in the market, for sale by  
**WM. BROWNELL,**  
next South of the Post Office.  
N. B.—The Public are invited to call  
and examine for themselves.  
Newport, Sept. 12.

**WOOLEN YARN** of all colours  
for sale at No. 132 by  
**J. M. COOK & Co.**

## NEW GOODS,

**JUST RECEIVED AT**  
**NO. 132 Thames Street.**  
**GRAPE VICTORIA, EOLINNES**  
Roslyn Plaids—Dark Gingham,  
Cashmere HOSE, ribbed & plain,  
China Ribbons—Do. Prints.  
**FOR SALE, BY**  
**J. M. COOK & Co.**  
Newport Sept. 25, 1841.

## REMOVAL.

**THOMAS T. SHEFFIELD.**  
Respectfully informs his Old Friend, and  
Customers in Town and country,  
THAT he has removed to the com-  
modious Store formerly occupied by  
Sheffield & Bell, 4 doors south of his late  
location, where he has for sale every ar-  
ticle in the Grocery Line, (with  
the exception of intoxicating Liquors)—  
as low as can be purchased elsewhere of  
equal quality—and delivered free of ex-  
pense in any part of the Town.  
He has OIL—Sperm at \$1 20 cts.  
warranted pure; and Whale at 50 cts.  
almost as white as water;—Brown Ha-  
vana Sugar, 12 1/2 lbs. for \$1—and other  
articles in proportion.  
During the Summer season, he will be  
constantly supplied from the best Dairy's  
on the Island, with good fresh Butter, &c.  
Without undertaking to puff his articles,  
he will merely invite his friends to call  
and satisfy themselves, which he believes  
they will not fail to do, on inspection.  
Newport, April 3, 1841.

## RHODE ISLAND COAL.

**THE** attention of the inhabitants of this  
town, is respectfully called to the  
using of Coal from the mines at the North  
end of this Island. A load of this Coal  
was landed on Wednesday at Stevens'  
Wharf—it is much handsomer than any  
before sent to market, and will no doubt  
give satisfaction to all who may give it a  
fair trial.  
The price will be \$6.00 for a ton of  
2240 lbs. in the lump—delivered at any  
part of the town.  
The subscribers have a contract for a  
limited quantity of this Coal, and would  
recommend to all who will be likely to  
want it, that they hand up their orders as  
soon as possible, that we may judge of  
the quantity that may be required to be  
brought to this town for the approaching  
winter—as the mines being new, it is un-  
certain about depending on a positive sup-  
ply through the winter.  
**WM. C. COZZENS, & CO.**  
September 4, 1841.

## NEW GOODS

**A** Variety of NEW AND FASHION-  
ABLE GOODS will be received  
from Boston THIS DAY and for sale at  
**No. 162 Thames Street.**  
by  
**H. SESSIONS.**  
Sept. 18, 1841.

## J. M. SHERMAN

### TAILOR,

**No. 133, Thames-street.**  
**H**AS just received, and offers for sale  
cheap, a well assorted variety of  
**New Spring GOODS.**  
The Public are invited to examine them.  
Newport, April 3.

## FEATHERS; BEDS.

### Matresses and Cushions.

**THE** Subscribers having formed a con-  
nexion in business, under the firm of  
**W. F. & J. BARKER.**  
Have taken the Store No. 107, Thames  
street, recently occupied by Milton Hal-  
ward, where they intend keeping a good as-  
sortment of the above articles, together with  
Bedsteads, Chairs, Tables, Wash-stands,  
&c. Also, a variety of articles in the  
furnishing line. Those wishing to pur-  
chase, will please call and examine for  
themselves.  
Beds, Matresses and Cushions, of  
any description, and manufactured at  
short notice as cheap as in this State, of  
equal quality of material & workmanship.  
Having purchased the patent feather  
dressing machine, they will attend to the  
cleaning of old feathers. Beds taken  
and returned to any part of the town on  
the days of dressing.  
Matresses & Cushions re-manufactured.  
**WILLIAM F. BARKER,**  
**ALFRED BARKER.**  
Newport, May 29, 1841.

## FOR SALE.

**THE** very convenient  
House now occupied by the Sub-  
scriber. For terms &c. apply at No. 10  
Mary street.  
**J. H. GILLIAT.**  
Sept. 25.

## EAGLE HOTEL FOR SALE.

**THE** subscriber intending to  
relinquish the business in  
which he has so long been en-  
gaged, offers for sale the estab-  
lishment, in Newport, so well known as the  
EAGLE HOTEL.  
The house was mostly rebuilt in 1836; is  
98 feet in length, and 35 in breadth; and  
contains four parlors, a large and convenient  
dining hall, and rooms for the comfortable  
occupancy of seventy boarders. Attached  
to it there are a garden, outhouses, stables  
and every desirable convenience. The cen-  
tral position and extensive accommodations  
of this establishment will always secure for  
it a full share of public support at all sea-  
sons of the year. It will be sold with or  
without the furniture. For terms, apply  
to the present proprietor and occupant.  
**THOMAS TOWNSEND.**  
Newport, R. I. Sept. 25, 1841.

## TO LET,

**THAT** pleasant and com-  
modious Dwelling.  
House, in Washington-street.  
owned and formerly occupied,  
by Hon. Wm. Hunter.—The Estate is  
in excellent repair and has been occupied  
for the last five years by Miss Goff as a  
Boarding-house.—It has a large yard,  
garden, and an unfailing well of water.  
It will be Let for One or more years.—  
For terms, &c. apply to  
**BENJAMIN FINCH.**  
Newport, March 13.

## TO LET,

**And immediate Possession given,**  
**THAT** pleasantly situ-  
ated HOUSE in Franklin-street,  
next west of Dr. T. C. Dunn's.—The  
House is in complete repair; has a large  
garden, a well of excellent water, with a  
pump in the wash room; a large grass  
plot in front of the house, and it is a  
very pleasant residence for a genteel fam-  
ily.—Also, Several small Tenements,  
and immediate possession given.—For  
terms, &c. apply to  
**ROBINSON POTTER**  
Newport May 1.

## JOHN N. POTTER.

**INFORMS** his Customers, and the Public  
THAT he has Removed  
his Stock of Goods to  
No. 119 1/2 Thames-  
Street, two doors north of  
Church street, where he is This Day  
Opening, a new and complete assortment  
Of every description, suitable for the  
Spring and Summer seasons.—He will  
be happy to wait on all those who will  
favor him with their patronage.  
Newport, April 10.

**THE** subscriber would respectfully in-  
form his friends and the public, that  
he has now on hand a large supply of  
**Cheap Dry Goods,**  
Which he now offers at very reduced  
prices, consisting of Cloths and Cas-  
simeres, of the latest importations; Satti-  
nets, Vestings, gambroon, mola-skin,  
&c.—Also, A large quantity of French,  
English and American Prints; Mouline  
de laines, very cheap; linen table cloths;  
Irish linens, birdseye diapers, linens, silk  
and cotton gloves, Scotch gingham, Edin-  
burgh shawls, and a large assortment of  
Hosiery.—Also, 3 or 4 pieces extra su-  
per MERINOES, for gentlemen's summer  
coats, for sale very low.  
**JAMES PHILLIPS,**  
June 5. No. 139, Thames-st.

## HOUSE FOR SALE.

**THE** HOUSE No. 223, in  
Thames street, corner of  
Saulford-street, lately repaired, good yard  
and garden, never failing well of excel-  
lent water. Terms easy, half the pur-  
chase money may remain on mortgage, if  
required; title free of all incumbrances.  
The whole of this Estate will be Let, till  
sold. Apply to **JAMES STEVENS,** or to  
**JONATHAN T. ALMY.**

## FOR SALE.

**THE** subscriber offers for  
sale his house situated in  
Thames street. For terms &c.  
enquire of **WM. WEEDEN,** or to  
**FAISNEAU.**  
Oct. 9. **E. P. FAISNEAU.**

## REMOVAL.

**J. GOODSPEED** respectfully informs  
his friends and customers that he has  
removed his AUCTION & COMMISSION  
STORE, to No. 87, opposite the Post  
Office, where he will continue to carry on  
the above business. On hand, new and  
second hand stoves, suitable for vessels &  
family use; furniture, broadcloth red flane-  
lin, paper hangings, marine shells, and all  
kinds of goods usually found in an Auction  
Room, and will attend auction sales in all  
parts of the town on reasonable terms.—  
Grateful for past favors he respectfully so-  
licits a share of future patronage.  
Oct. 9.

## New Goods.

### AT THE

## New Cheap Store,

No. 139.

**Will be Opened This Day,**  
**WHICH** are of the latest import-  
ations and will be sold at the low-  
est prices. Among them will be found.  
**ORLEANS CLOTHS, ALPACHA LUSTRE'S**  
Mousseline de Laines, Alpines,  
Thibet Cloths, Prints, Shawls,  
Flannels, Gingham, Cloths,  
Casimeres, Sattinets,  
UMBRELLAS, &c.

## For Sale or To Let.

**A** FARM in Belchertown State  
of Massachusetts containing 100  
Acres of good Land with sufficient  
buildings in good repair, well proportion-  
ed for meadow, pasture and plough land.  
Said Farm has 3 good bearing orchards  
with 15 acres of thrifty wood and timber,  
and is well watered and wooded.—The  
above place if not sold, will be Let and 1  
quarter of the rent will be received in  
improvements on the place. For further  
particulars enquire of  
**PARDON Sisson.**  
Portsmouth R. I. Sept. 15, 1841.

## STOVES & GRATES.

**NOTICE.**—The subscriber wishes  
to give notice that as the season is  
approaching for the use of Stoves and  
Grates, and many people have Stoves on  
hand which they wish to dispose of—  
I will take them at the Store No. 142  
Thames street and sell them for a very  
moderate commission, either at Auction  
or at private sale, as may be agreed upon  
when brought.  
Persons wishing to purchase Stoves  
or Grates, will do well to call at No. 142  
Thames street before they purchase.  
**CHARLES N. TILLEY.**  
Sept. 25, 1841.

## FOR SALE.

**THE** Sloop NIMROD, now  
lying at Wickford, a first  
rate sailer, and draws a light  
draught of water;—she is a  
good vessel for a Southern lighter, and  
will carry about 200 boxes of Cotton.—  
For further particulars, enquire of  
**W. HOLLOWAY, jun.**  
Wickford, Sept. 24.

## Law in relation to Dogs.

**At a special Town Council holden New-  
port September 1, 1841.**

**BE IT ORDAINED,** That Every owner of a  
dog or dogs, who shall suffer his or her dog or  
dogs, to go in any of the streets or highways  
of the town of Newport, after these ordinances  
shall go into effect, shall be subject to a penalty  
of \$5 for each and every offence, and the head  
of the family in which any dog, or dogs shall  
be harboured, shall be deemed to be the owner  
of said dog or dogs.

**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED,** That Henry Taggart  
or whoever this Council may from time to time  
appoint for that purpose, be and he is hereby  
appointed to cause to be killed, every dog that  
may be found in any of the streets or highways  
within the limits of this town, and he is hereby  
authorized to employ a person, or persons to  
assist him in said duty, and that he be allowed  
one dollar per head for every dog killed and  
buried by him or his assistants, the same to be  
paid out of the Town Treasury of this town.

**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED,** That each and every  
citizen of this town be, and they are hereby  
empowered to kill any dog, or dogs, found in  
any of the streets or highways of this town, &  
that whoever may so kill any dog, or dogs,  
found in said streets or highways, shall be al-  
lowed the same compensation for each and ev-  
ery dog so killed on producing satisfactory proof  
to this Council, of the killing and burying of  
said dog, or dogs, the same to be paid out of the  
Town Treasury as aforesaid.

**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED,** That every owner  
of a dog, or dogs, shall within three weeks from  
and after passing these ordinances cause his or  
her dog, or dogs, to be registered in the Town  
Clerk's Office of this town, and that the Town  
Clerk procure a book for that purpose, and said  
clerk shall be allowed ten cents for each dog  
registered, to be paid by the person causing  
said registry to be made, and that all persons  
owning a dog, or dogs, in this town, who shall  
neglect to register the same as aforesaid once  
in every year, shall be subject to a penalty of  
\$5.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED,** That it shall be the  
duty of said Henry Taggart, or whoever the  
Council may from time to time appoint as afo-  
resaid, to complain of all violations of these ordi-  
nances, and that the penalties for the violation  
of any of these ordinances, be recovered by ac-  
tion of debt, or complaint, in the name of the  
Town Treasurer of this town, for the use of the  
town, before the Court of Justices in said  
Town.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDAINED,** That these Ordinances  
go into effect on and after Wednesday next  
the 8th of September, instant, and that all for-  
mer laws passed by this Council in relation to  
Dogs, be and the same are hereby repealed.  
**Ordered,** That the foregoing ordinances be  
published in all the newspapers printed in this  
town.  
A true copy—attest,  
**B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk.**

## TO LET,

### THE Dwelling-House

in Church street, now occupied  
by **George I. Munro.**—It is well cal-  
culated to accommodate two families.—  
Possession given on the 12th of October.  
For terms, apply to  
**HENRY T. IRISH.**  
Newport, August 21.

## MISCELLANY.

### RISEING in the WORLD.

It is all well that there should be the  
strongest desire of rising in the world.—  
But what is rising? Here is all the dif-  
ficulty. Is it for the prosperous man to  
move into a bigger house, and patronize  
the tailors, the milliners, and the upho-  
lsterers, and give splendid entertainments?  
This may be perfectly allowable and  
proper as the reward and natural conse-  
quence of industry and frugality, but it is  
not rising in the world. It amounts to  
nothing but simply patronizing tailors,  
milliners, upholsterers, and cooks. The  
only way to rise in the world, even for  
the prosperous man, is to cultivate his  
mind and manners, and educate his  
family. It is not to set up his carriage,  
though this may be perfectly allowable if  
he can afford it. It is not to resort to  
this or that watering place, though there  
is no objection to his doing that if he  
pleases. It is to raise himself and fam-  
ily in the scale of moral and intellectual  
beings. It is not to bring up his sons in  
idleness under the preposterous notion of  
making them gentlemen, and in so doing  
make them fops and dandies instead of  
men, and thus prepare them for squander-  
ing his estate much faster than he amass-  
ed it. It is not to educate his daughters  
with merely showy accomplishments,  
and with the expectation that this world  
is to be a show, and life a holiday. The  
best symptom of rising in the world that  
he can give, is to despise the follies of  
American society, to set at naught the  
despotism of foreign fashions, to perceive  
and resist the absurdity of a business com-  
munity following in the footsteps of the  
idle and worthless aristocracy of Europe.  
It would show hopeful signs of rising  
above the vulgar, both great and small, if  
he should refuse to countenance the  
nonsense of turning night into day and  
day into night; and as the end of society  
is enjoyment, he should perceive the ridi-  
culousness of going to a party of pleasure  
at his usual hour of retiring to rest.

It would show that he was rising if he  
should bring up his sons to some useful,  
honorable, and profitable employment,  
and save them from the degradation of  
living to show off their persons and fine  
clothes in the streets. If he should infuse  
into the minds of his daughters a strong  
tincture of common sense, and teach  
them to look on life as a scene of duty  
and responsibility, instead of an oppor-  
tunity for the indulgence of ambition,  
vanity and selfishness.

The present condition of our country  
would seem to demonstrate, that it is im-  
possible for mankind to be permanently  
prosperous and happy, even under the  
most favorable circumstances; that they  
may as well be afflicted and struck down  
by war, famine, and pestilence, for if left  
to themselves, and provided with every  
thing to make them happy, it is only to  
plunge themselves into a misery deep in  
proportion to the exuberance of their bleas-  
ings.

But it may be asked, if these evils I  
have been enumerating are hopeless and  
without cure? If they are, why draw  
such a humiliating picture of our national  
character? I answer that the case is  
not hopeless. The remedy is at hand,  
and of the easiest application. All that  
is wanting is the revival of common sense  
and the assertion of personally indepen-  
dence. No nation has more of both these  
qualities than the Americans, but circum-  
stances for the time have but them both  
in obedience. Fashionable habits do not  
sit well on the American people. The  
very people who conform to them, have  
a secret contempt for them, even while  
submitting to their bondage. They are  
scarcely ever hereditary, for they are  
not suffered to be so by the rapid changes  
which commercial revolutions bring about.  
Common sense is perpetually uttering  
her voice against them, and that voice  
will be clearer and louder as the com-  
munity learn to trace to them those public  
distresses, which in such rapid suc-  
cession sweep over the country.

There is too a sense of personal inde-  
pendence among us, unknown under any  
other form of government, which is  
mighty in strength, but has hitherto been  
working like the gigantic Cyclop in the  
dark, and wasting its force in an aimless  
radicalism. It is a good thing corrupted,  
and as matters now stand works little but  
mischievous. But the time I hope is coming,  
when this giant will have the use of eyes  
as well as hands, when intelligence will  
be diffused among what are now termed  
the middle and lower classes, and rouse  
them to see what a miserable use they  
make of their means, when it constitutes  
the highest object of their ambition to  
wear the same sort of a hat or bonnet as  
is worn by those whose only ground of  
distinction is that they are the first to  
adopt the latest fashionable absurdity.

With the spread of intelligence, it is to  
be hoped, that the conviction will gain  
ground that the sacred pleasures of home  
do not arise from establishment, elegant  
furniture, a luxurious table, but from

virtuous affections, true hearts, and en-  
lightened minds, that the delights of so-  
ciety do not spring from cumbersome and  
costly entertainments, which enslave the  
entertainer, not from expensive attire,  
which is generally the vexation and the  
regret of the wearer, but from cheerfulness,  
affability, intelligence, and true  
courtesy.

**FORCE OF HABIT.**—Some years ago a  
young man commenced business in this  
city in the mercantile line with somewhat  
limited means, but with a disposition to  
make the best possible use of them.—  
Having resolved to be not only prudent  
in the management of his business, but  
economical in regard to his necessary  
personal expenses, he hired a small room  
over a blacksmith's shop the rent of which  
was but a trifle, and which to him was  
at once parlor, drawing room, dormitory,  
&c. There he lived for several years,  
prospering in business the while, going  
on from better to better, and adding daily  
to his profits until at length he found  
himself rich. Satisfied of his ability to  
live in rather higher style than he had  
done, without being chargeable, even in  
his own mind, with extravagance, he  
hired a handsome house in a respectable  
neighborhood, furnished it very comfort-  
ably, and set himself to enjoy some of the  
fruits of his industry. He tried it, and  
wondered much to find himself less com-  
fortable and less happy by far, than  
when in his old home. He felt pretty  
much like a fish out of water; still he  
thought that in the course of time he  
might become habituated to his new and  
more comfortable home, and he prolonged  
the trial, but all in vain. The well fur-  
nished apartments, the soft, thick, rich car-  
pets, the polished mahogany of his chairs,  
tables, sideboards, sofas, &c., beds of  
down, and all things corresponding—all  
failed to render him happy or even com-  
fortable; so that he sold them all, gave  
up his fine house, hired again the little  
room over the blacksmith's shop, and  
was comfortable and happy again.—  
Shortly after his return to his old room,  
he met a friend who learned the change,  
and who asked him the reason of it.  
"Oh," said he, "it was a simple one—  
I missed the tinge of the anvil—that's all."  
Such is the nature and the force of  
habit.

Baltimore Clinker.

**TO-MORROW.**—Who can tell how  
much is embraced in this expression!—  
Though a few hours intervene between it  
and us—though it will soon commence  
its course—who is there that can read a  
single page, and pronounce the character  
of its events?

To-morrow! Those who are gay  
may be sad. Those who are now walk-  
ing the avenues of pleasure, led by the  
hand of hope, may be the subjects of in-  
tense sorrow.

Prosperity may be changed into ad-  
versity.

Those who are now on the mountain  
summit may be in the valley.  
The rosy cheek may be overspread  
with paleness—the strong step may  
falter. Death may have overtaken us.

To-morrow! It may have entirely  
changed the course of our lives. It may  
form a new era in our existence. What  
we fear may not happen.

To-morrow! away with anxiety. Let  
us lean on Providence. There is a Being  
to whom all the distinctions of time, are  
the same and who is able to dispose of  
every thing for our wise improvement.

**LORENZO** Dow was an oddity of the  
oddest kind. His sayings, for a time,  
like those of the celebrated Rowland  
Hill filled the newspapers, and pleased the  
public from Maine to Louisiana. Dow  
was known in all parts of the Union; and  
it is probable that not a town or city of  
any note in the boundary of the States  
was left unvisited by him. The story of  
his raising the devil, and the way he did  
it, is well known. The best story of him  
is, that being one evening at a hotel kept  
by one Bush, in Delhi, New York, the  
residence of the celebrated Gen. Root,  
he was importuned by the latter, in the  
presence of the landlord, to describe  
heaven. "You say a great deal of that  
place," said the General, "tell us how it  
looks." Lorenzo turned his grave face,  
and long beard, towards Messrs. Root &  
Bush, and with imperturbable gravity:  
"Heaven my friends, is a vast extent of  
smooth, rich territory; there is not a root  
nor a bush in it, and there never will  
be." Take Dow for all in all, the country  
will not look upon his like again.—  
He was a politician as well as a clergy-  
man, and his statesman-like maxims have  
done some good. He was an author of  
renown in various ways. One of his  
works was entitled, "The chain of reason:  
consisting of five links, three hooks, and  
a swivel." But he has gone, and his  
works will soon follow him. Yet his  
memory, we think, is destined to be kept  
green.



## Convention.

MONDAY, NOV. 1.—The members who had arrived in the city, assembled at the Court House, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Hon. Henry Y. Cranston, the oldest member from Newport, was called to the chair on motion of Mr. Updike.

William H. Smith and Thomas A. Jenckes, Esqrs., were appointed Secretaries, for the purpose of organizing.

The towns were called in their order, and credentials of the election of the following members were presented:

Newport.—Henry Y. Cranston, Richard K. Randolph, George G. King, Edward W. Lawton.

Providence.—Joseph Veazie, Thomas W. Dorr, William C. Barker, Hezekiah Willard, Oliver Johnson, Thaddeus Curtis.

Portsmouth.—Joseph Childs, James Chace.

Warwick.—William Rhodes, George A. Brayton, Stephen Harris, Christopher Spencer.

Westerly.—Nathan F. Dixon, Jr., Rowse Babcock.

New Shoreham.—Samuel Dunn.

North Kingstown.—Jeffrey Davis, Peter Phillips.

South Kingstown.—Wilkins Updike, Wm. A. Robinson, Elisha R. Potter.

East Greenwich.—Wm. G. Bowen, Hollis K. Jenckes.

Jamestown.—John Wilbur.

Smithfield.—Stephen Steere, John Jenckes, Charles Moies, George Aldrich.

Glocester.—Samuel Y. Atwell, Charles A. Slocum.

Coventry.—Israel Wilson, Peleg Wilbur, Caleb Nicholas.

Middletown.—Benj. Weaver, Pardon Brown.

Tiverton.—James Manchester, Wm. Bateman, Adoniram Brown.

Warren.—Levi Haile, Henry H. Luther.

Cranston.—George Barton, Benoni Harris.

Hopkinton.—Benjamin B. Thurston.

Johnson.—Oliver C. Williams, Daniel Mathewson.

Burrillville.—Duty Lapham, Solomon Smith.

No members were present from the towns of Scituate, Charlestown, West Greenwich, Exeter, Bristol, Little Compton, Cumberland, Richmond, Barrington, North Providence and Foster.

Upon calling the roll, as far as made up, a few more than a quorum answered to their names, and the Convention, unwilling to proceed in organizing while so many members were absent, adjourned till to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, at half past ten o'clock.

TUESDAY, NOV. 2.—The Convention met at half past ten o'clock, pursuant to adjournment. Hon. Henry Y. Cranston in the Chair.

Certificates were presented from all the towns, and nearly all the members were present.

In addition to the names given yesterday, we give the following, which completes the roll:

Charlestown.—George A. Stanton, George W. Cross.

Bristol.—Byron Diman, Nathaniel Bullock, Benjamin Hall.

Little Compton.—Nathaniel Church, Jediah Shaw.

New Shoreham.—Wm. P. Sheffield.

Scituate.—Elisha Mathewson, Israel Brayton, Jonah Titus.

Foster.—Ira Wood, Geo. Walker.

Barrington.—Emerson Humphrey.

North Providence.—Olney Whipple, Joseph Westcott, Gideon L. Spencer.

Hopkinton.—Edward Barber.

Richmond.—James G. Sisson, James B. M. Potter.

Cumberland.—Abner Ballou, Joseph Metcalf, Samuel F. Mann.

Exeter.—John Wilcox, Isaac Greene.

West Greenwich.—Robert Hazard, John James.

Amounting in all, to seventy-seven members.

The Committee reported the following nominations:—

For President,  
HENRY Y. CRANSTON,  
of Newport.

For Secretary,  
THOMAS A. JENCKES,  
of Providence.

For Assistant Secretary,  
WALTER W. UDDIKE,  
of South Kingstown.

Messrs. E. R. Potter, Randolph and Dixon, were appointed a Committee to frame a set of rules for the Convention.

Mr. Childs moved that two from each County be appointed a Committee to nominate officers for the Convention.

Mr. Veazie hoped they might be elected by the House.

It was suggested by Mr. Brown, that the act calling the Convention, limited their appointments to a President and a single Secretary.

The acts of January and June were read, and considerable discussion arose about the construction of the portion respecting officers.

Mr. Bowen and Mr. Atwell contended, that as the act had named the officers, the Convention had no authority to elect any more.

Mr. Childs, Mr. Dorr and Mr. Randolph, contended that they might appoint any number, if they could thereby facilitate the business.

The question was finally settled by instructing the Committee to bring in nominations for a Secretary and assistant.

Messrs. Lawton, Childs, Johnson, Mann, E. R. Potter, Dixon, P. Wilbur, Rhodes, Luther and Diman, were selected as that Committee.

Mr. Bullock moved the appointment of Committees to take into consideration the different subjects.

Mr. Mathewson suggested that a committee be first appointed, to inquire what committees ought to be appointed, and to report in the afternoon.

Mr. Johnson offered a resolution that eleven committees of seven each be appointed by the President on different subjects.

Mr. E. R. Potter moved that that be referred to a committee, the same as previously suggested.

Mr. Dorr did not see the reason of thus appointing a Committee to mark out the work; a committee to nominate committees, and committees to report articles, were an unnecessary involution.

It was perfectly obvious to every one that had reflected much on such subjects, that a certain number of subjects must come before the Convention. He recapitulated the division proposed, showing that it would cover the whole ground.—It was no such difficult business as was supposed, it was a plain straight forward matter and needed no committees to consider it.

Mr. Potter withdrew his motion.

The question was then on the adoption of the resolution of Mr. Johnson, and some debate was had upon the manner of appointing the committee and the minor arrangements.

The resolution appointing the committee was adopted, and the Convention adjourned till to-morrow (Wednesday) morning at nine o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 3.—The Convention met at nine o'clock, pursuant to adjournment, the President in the chair.

The President reported the committees on the different articles, according to the resolution adopted yesterday.

On the Declaration of Rights and Principles.—Messrs. Haile, Rhodes, Robinson, Brayton of Warwick, Titus, Slocum and Johnson.

On the subject of Electors and the Right of Suffrage.—Messrs. Randolph, Potter of South Kingstown, Mathewson of Scituate, Mann, Dorr, Thurston, and Wood.

On Elections.—Messrs. Lawton, Chase, Ballou, Jenckes of Smithfield, Davis, Babcock, and Harris of Cranston.

On the Legislative Department.—Messrs. Child, Dixon, Wilbur of Coventry, Luther, Cross, Wilson, and Brayton of Scituate.

On the subject of the House of Representatives.—Messrs. Burton, Bowen, Barber, Brown of Middletown, Aldrich, Sherfield, and Mathewson of Johnson.

On the subject of the Senate and Impeachment.—Messrs. Diman, Steere, Shaw, Westcott, Weaver, Barker, and Stanton.

On the subject of the Executive Department.—Messrs. Updike, Church, Lapham, Hall, Bateman, Spencer of Warwick, and Wilcox.

On the subject of the Judicial Department.—Messrs. Atwell, Bullock, Humphrey, Metcalf, Sisson, Manchester, and Cranston.

On the subject of Education.—Messrs. King, Harris of Warwick, Willard, Phillips, Cross, Metcalf, and Titus.

On the subject of Amendments.—Messrs. J. B. M. Potter, Spencer of North Providence, Williams, Smith, Walker, Brown of Tiverton, and Hazard.

On the subject of General Provisions.—Messrs. Whipple, Veazie, Wilbur of Jamestown, Curtis, Jenckes of East Greenwich, James, and Dunn.

Mr. Dorr moved that 100 copies be printed; adopted.

The committee on the Rules, reported rules and regulations for the use of the Convention. Mr. Dorr moved an amendment to the 4th rule, that the ayes and noes be entered on the journal at the request of any five members instead of ten. Mr. Randolph thought that ten would be a sufficiently small number. The business of the house might be delayed by too frequent calls.

Mr. Dorr said his only reason for the amendment was that the people might have some record to refer to of the votes upon important questions.

The amendment was not adopted.—The rules were adopted and 200 copies ordered to be printed.

The Committees were then called and places and times appointed for their meeting.

Mr. Dorr then moved an adjournment till to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, as it would be impossible for the committees to report earlier for want of facts and time for consideration. Some members thought that nine would be a better hour.

Mr. Mann stated that the reason given by the gentleman from Providence, had struck him with much force, and he thought the time named by him, too short to obtain the necessary information on many important subjects. There were statistical facts which must be collected from the whole State, and in order to have time for this, he would suggest a longer adjournment. If we adjourned only for a day or a day and a half, we might meet again and hear from some of the committees; but we could not make up our minds upon the more important subjects without more definite information. For instance, upon the subject of the rights of Suffrage, we ought to know the exact number of freemen in the State, and the number of non freeholders. If our government was one of a minority, it rested on a wrong basis and ought to be corrected. The adjournment ought to give time to procure this information, even if it was till February. The subject was too important for one to make up his mind hastily upon. He made no motion on the subject.

Mr. Updike thought that we might adjourn till to-morrow, receive such reports as were ready and order them to be printed. If any such information was necessary in the course of their work, then the question of adjourning over might be considered.

The Convention then adjourned till to-morrow (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock.

THURSDAY, NOV. 4.—The Convention met at 10 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment, the President in the chair.

Reports were presented from the following committees:—

On Elections.—On the Legislative Department.—On the subject of the Senate and Impeachment.—On the subject of the Executive Department.—On the subject of the Judicial Department.—On the subject of Amendments. These reports were read and accepted.

Several of the other Committees intimated that they would be ready by the time to which the Convention would next adjourn.

Mr. Johnson moved that the session of the Convention be opened each morning with prayer.

The rule was not adopted, 27 voting for it, and 37 against it.

Three hundred copies of the reports of the Committees were ordered to be printed.

The Convention then adjourned till to-morrow (Friday) morning at nine o'clock.

The following are the provisions embodied in the report made to the Convention, upon the several subjects referred.

On Election.—The General election for Governor, Lieut. Governor, Senators and Representatives, Secretary of State, Attorney General, and General Treasurer to be held on the 3d Wednesday in April. The officers elected are to hold their places for one year.

The votes are to be endowed by the voter, counted, sealed up, and sent to the General assembly in the same manner as at present.

If no person has a majority of votes for Governor, the Senate and House may choose one in joint committee from the two highest candidates. Also, a Lieutenant Governor, or any other general officer, in a similar case; vacancies in the Senate caused by failure to elect may be filled by the House, otherwise in joint committee of both houses. Ten days notice must be given of town meetings.

On the Legislative Department.—Similar provisions about the elections, as stated above were included in this report. To be eligible, a candidate must be a freeholder, and not an officeholder under the General Government. The sessions of the General Assembly to be held as at present. After the passage of a law by both Houses it shall be sent to the Governor; if he approve it, it becomes a law at once; if he disapproves, he shall return it to the house where it originated with his objections, and it both houses again pass it, after considering the objection, it becomes a law; two days are given the Governor to consider a bill.—The election of civil and military officers is to take place in joint committee, as at present.

On the Senate and Impeachment.—The Senate is to consist of ten members, to be selected in five districts, for which purpose the State is divided as follows:—

First District—Newport County; Two Senators.

Second District—Providence County; Four Senators.

Third District—Washington County; Two Senators.

Fourth District—Kent County; One Senator.

Fifth District—Bristol County; One Senator.

The Lieutenant Governor to be President of the Senate, and the Secretary of State, its Secretary. The House have the sole power of impeachment, the Senate to be the judges and to convict by a majority of two thirds.

Executive Department.—The Governor must be twenty-five years old, a native born citizen of the United States, a resident for three years, and a freeholder. He may grant reprieves until the close of the session of the General Assembly, next following such grant. He is to preside in joint committee, may send messages to the two Houses, may adjourn them when they disagree about the time, and convene them in emergencies, must sign commissions, and will be Commander in-Chief of the Army and Navy.

The Judicial Department.—A Supreme Court is created, upon which Chancery power may be conferred. No separate court of chancery to be established. The Judges to be elected by the General Assembly, to hold their offices for one year and until their seats are declared vacant, by two thirds of all the members of both Houses, at the annual session for the choice of officers. The Judges are subject to impeachment—are bound to declare the law to juries—and to give opinions upon important questions when required by the Governor or General Assembly. The inferior courts are to be established by the General Assembly.

Amendments.—Amendments are to be proposed by the General Assembly, distributed among the towns at the April election, to be read at the town meetings before Senators and Representatives are chosen; if the General Assembly then chosen approve the amendment, it is to be sent out to the electors in special town meeting, and if approved, by a majority of them, it becomes a part of the Constitution.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

NEWPORT.

SATURDAY, NOV. 6. 1841.

State Elections.

NEW YORK.—The annual election for members of the Legislature closed on Wednesday.—The result so far as ascertained is the election of opposition members from the Counties of Kings, Richmond, Queens, Suffolk, Westchester, Putnam, Rockland, Orange, Dutchess & Albany—showing a Whig loss of six members.

In the city the votes had not been canvassed on Thursday, and the result for two Senators from the first district was rendered uncertain by the Catholic's running a separate ticket.

SPECIAL ELECTION IN VIRGINIA.—An election to fill a vacancy in the Virginia Senate recently took place in the counties of Ohio, Marshall, Brooke and Tyler, they give Newman the opposition candidate, a majority of 44.—This result ties the Senate. Parties will now stand 16 and 16. There is a Whig majority of two in the House.

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.—The official returns of the late election in Pennsylvania give Porter a majority of 23,002. The vote at the election was for Porter 126,576; for Banks 113,573. At the late Presidential election the vote was for Van Buren 143,675; for Harrison 144,013.

The following advertisement appears in the London Times of Oct 1:

DR. FRANKLIN.—The public are respectfully informed that the Printing Press at which this great philosopher and statesman worked as a journeyman printer, while in London, in the year 1725 and 26, is about to be sent to America, to be deposited in the Franklin Library, at Philadelphia; all persons therefore who may be desirous of viewing it for the short time it will remain in this country may gratify themselves by applying to Messrs. Harriid and Sons, 11 Great Distaff Lane, Friday street, Chesapeake, any day (Sunday excepted) until the 25th of October.

There is now in this office an old Printing press, which is probably of greater antiquity than the above. It formerly belonged to James Franklin, with whom Dr. Benjamin Franklin, served his apprenticeship, and was probably brought by the former to Newport on his removal from Boston, about the year 1720.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Of this State, adjourned on Friday evening last at South Kingstown, after a short session of five days.

The following is a continuation from our last of their proceedings, copied from the Providence Daily Journal.

FRIDAY MORNING, Oct. 29th.—The House met at nine o'clock.

The prayers of the petitions of Eliza A. Case and Isaac Dyer, for liberation, were granted.

A remonstrance and accompanying documents were presented on behalf of Madame D'Hauteville, by her counsel George Rivers, Esq., against the granting the prayer of the petition of H. C. D'Rham, attorney for M. D'Hauteville.

Mr. Atwell called for the reading of that petition, and moved its reference to a committee. He claimed an exception from the law discussed last night, and if any man felt himself aggrieved by the operation of a public law, he ought to have a hearing, and if he could make out a clear and strong case of grievance, he ought to be excepted. This petition came before the house with such a statement, and if they were convinced that M. D'Hauteville was wronged or aggrieved by this public law, a special act should be passed in his favor. But such a favor should not be extended to him unless he already established a valid reason for being treated differently from all other inhabitants of the State.

The Attorney General, Counsel for Madame D'Hauteville, stated that if he had known some facts stated in the remonstrance, the petition would not have probably been presented. Madame D'Hauteville there states that she is not a resident of this State, and of course her husband could not ask an exception from that law.

Mr. Atwell said that he hoped this was a sufficient answer to the statement that the money of David Sears had been poured out like water in this State. His daughter was not a resident, and of course could derive no benefit from the law.

The Attorney General expressed himself satisfied with the state of the case and petitioners had leave to withdraw.

The prayers of the petitions of Luke T. Rice, et al. and of the Washington Grenadier Company, were granted.

The act repealing certain acts relating to hawking and peddling was read a second time. Mr. Robinson was opposed to its passage. He did not wish to see the power of employing agents taken from manufacturers.

The debate was continued by Mr. Randolph, Mr. Spencer and Mr. Howe.

The act was postponed, and a Committee consisting of Messrs. Robinson, Bowditch, Burges, of Providence, and Randolph, were appointed to revise the law relating to hawking licenses.

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THE act in amendment of the acts relative to the measurement of grain, salt, &c., was passed.

The prayers of the petitions of the Blackstone Canal Company were so far granted as to continue them with an order of notice and stay of the sale on execution.

The House then took a recess of half an hour.

When they met again, the concurrences from the Senate were read—the accounts of expenses of the session allowed and the joint vote of adjournment passed.

The Assembly then adjourned to meet in Providence on the second Monday in January next.

THE LADIES COMPANION.

The November number of this valuable publication has come to hand with its usual punctuality. In addition to its usual interesting matter it is embellished with two splendid engravings—one is an ideal portrait of Alice Bridgenorth the heroine of Scott's novel of Peveril of the Peak.—the other is a view of Hyde Park on the Hudson River.

EMIGRANTS.—Two or three weeks ago, three hundred foreign emigrants arrived at the Balize below New Orleans. The city authorities, hearing of their arrival, and anxious that they should not fall victims to the yellow fever, sent a deputation, warning them not to enter the city, and offering to furnish them with the means of subsistence until the pestilence should subside. The emigrants thought that it was all a Yankee trick. "We are told," said they to the deputation, "that we can make three dollars a day in New Orleans; if the authorities will pay us that, we will stay where we are—if not, no." The poor fellows hastened to the city; and, at the last dates, it is said that not one of them was living.—Louisville Journal.

VERDICT AGAINST THE U. S. BANK.—In the case of the United States against the United States Bank, in a suit to recover \$251,343, the jury have given a verdict in favor of the government for the amount claimed, with costs.—This action arose out of the first bill drawn by the United States Government upon France for the indemnity for spoliation. This bill was purchased by the United States Bank, and when presented at Paris, there had been no funds provided by the Chamber of Deputies, and unfortunately the bill was at sight, otherwise the government might have provided means; but it was protested for non payment and returned. The bank then charged the government with the customary damages, and retained in settlement with the government the amount of those damages, and then this suit was commenced, and has been continued from term to term. The U. S. Gazette says some speculation has been indulged in as regards the effect of this verdict on some of the assignments, as the government has always the first claim but the defendants may appeal to the Supreme Court, and thus postpone such action.

THE RAVAGES OF THE YELLOW FEVER.—In a charity sermon preached in New Orleans, by the Rev. Mr. Clapp, he said, "That he had resided twenty years only waiting a few months; in New Orleans, and during that time had witnessed eleven epidemic yellow fever years, and two cholera—each epidemic carrying away to a sudden grave never less than three thousand human beings, and often five thousand. Within that twenty years, one hundred thousand human beings had found a grave in New Orleans, and of that immense host, twenty five thousand were young men between the ages of eighteen and twenty years; each one the representative of a distant family, with whose fate that family was connected, rising when he rose, and with his fall sinking hopeless and forever."

SWINDLER.—The Pittsburg papers are out on one James Warren Marcy of Boston, who has been managing to swindle the boarding houses and printers of that place of about \$700. The incidents in James's eventful history are thus briefly detailed. For some time after his arrival from Boston he kept within compass; hired himself to three different persons as a manufacturer of pocket books and a book binder; was discharged for want of industry and a good knowledge of the business; began to study law and live on his wits; joined the Episcopal church and taught a Sabbath school; strove to connect himself with an amiable family who had lost one daughter; was prohibited and discharged; borrowed money; undertook to teach young men to take Daguerrotype likenesses, borrowed forty dollars and the glasses, and cheated all; was turned out of the first law office and got into another for a few days; collected fifty dollars of his new friend and absconded.



## SHIPWRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE.

We learn from our attentive correspondents of the Warren (R. I.) Star, that the whole ship Triton, arrived at that port on the 28th ult. in lat. 31, 21, lon. 68, 50, full with two rats; on one of them there were fourteen, and on the other two men. They were the remaining part of the officers and crew of the brig William and Joseph, of Tisbury, Mar. 1st Vineyard.

From the statements of those on the raft it appears that the William and Joseph, capsized in a hurricane on the morning of October 21. The masts broke by the deck, after which the vessel righted. Two of the crew were swept overboard at this time. The remainder were on the wreck for six days, during which time they prepared the raft, and took to them immediately before the vessel sunk.

The following are the names of the persons saved:

Capt. Elisha Dexter, Benjamin Merry, Peter J. Dillingham, Wm. F. West, of Martha's Vineyard; James McGuyre, James Goodrich, John Grant, of Albany; Jeremiah Clark, James Walker, Henry W. Armstrong, of New York; John Mollen, New Jersey; Abraham Hardister, Baltimore; George Silva, Fayal; Wm. H. Craft, Poughkeepsie; John Francis, New Haven.

The names of those who were swept overboard when the vessel was capsized were:

Sylvester Dailey of Worcester, Francis Cottle of Martha's Vineyard.

Two others died on the raft, viz:—Gershom Dunning, 2d officer, Martha's Vineyard, Hester Goodspeed, seaman, New York.

Captain Dexter and the others on the raft suffered terribly before they were taken from it. Many of them could not stand. Their flesh was scarified and bruised, and their limbs and tongues were much swollen.

**More Lynching Horrors.**—We have heard the particulars of a most barbarous and diabolical Lynching outrage, lately committed on the big Black Island, near Grand Gulf, by a band of outlaws. Many poor ignorant wood cutters were most inhumanly whipped, and a Mr. Kirkwood basely murdered by the Lynchers. They blindfolded him, took him to the river bank, and after getting him in a boat plunged a bowie knife through his heart, and then threw him into the river. The body of Kirkwood has since been found, and we learn from the Grand Gulf Advertiser, that an inquest has been held over it.

From private sources we learn that the parties concerned in these disgraceful outrages are known in Grand Gulf, and that some of the leading lynchers have fled. We hope that the names will be exposed, and that the facts disclosed will justify the Governor in issuing his proclamation offering a reward for the apprehension of the murderers. Any quantity of men can be raised here to execute the laws, and bring the culprits to justice. It is high time these lawless proceedings were stopped.—Vicksburg Sent.

From the Hudson Republican.

**AN AWFUL CATASTROPHE.**—On Sunday morning last, Col. Simon T. Rowley, of this city, put an end to his existence by jumping out of a third story window in a fit of mental derangement, on to the pavement. Colonel Rowley had recently finished a three story brick building adjoining the rail road depot, and had within the last week moved his family into the upper rooms. No symptoms of derangement were discovered by his neighbors previous to the act, but it is supposed that his disappointment in his anticipated prospects for business had preyed upon his mind, and having been out the evening before in company, returned to his family, had a restless and disturbed night, and about 6 o'clock in the morning became frantic, attempted to shoot himself with a pocket pistol, the contents of which did not enter his body but left the marks of the powder on his shirt, scorching and perforating the same, the ball passing into the ceiling of the closet.

His wife sprang into the room and endeavored to pacify him, but without effect; he rushed from her, tearing his clothes from her hold; observing, "Let me alone—my work is not yet finished." He instantly ascended to the third story and stepped upon a bed near a window and made the fatal leap through the upper sash, carrying away the whole of the sash. He was seen by a neighbor, whose attention was aroused by the breaking of the glass; help was immediately at hand and his bruised body taken into the house, physicians called, but he shortly breathed his last. He leaves his wife and four or five small children to mourn his sad and untimely end.

**FRUITS OF THE WESTERN RAILROAD.**—Among the merchandise at the Worcester Railroad Depot in this city, we notice a quantity of *Sole Leather*, for Messrs. Spencer & Arnold, from the well known tanning establishment of Mr. Edwards, of Hunter, Green county, N. Y. They expect, as we understand, to receive most of their leather, and forward their hides, over this road, which offers a direct conveyance to all the tanning region of New York. This gives to the citizens of Boston great facilities, all the year round, for the prosecution of this trade—a trade unavailable to the city of New York, during the winter, while their noble Hudson is ice bound.

[Boston Atlas.



LAWS of Rhode-Island.

## STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

In General Assembly October Session, A. D. 1841.

**AN ACT** to adjourn the November Term of the Supreme Judicial Court for the County of Washington.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION 1. The Supreme Judicial Court which by law is to be holden at South Kingstown within and for the County of Washington on the First Monday of November 1841, shall be and the same is hereby adjourned on the last Monday of said November; and all business now standing continued from the last term of said Court shall and may be proceeded in and finished by the Court to be holden by adjournment as aforesaid.

SEC. 2. All writs, appeals, returns, recognizances, executions, summonses, and other processes and proceedings returnable to or to be entered at said Court, already issued, taken or commenced prior to the time to which said Court is by this act adjourned, shall be returnable to and entered at the term of said Court, which shall be holden by virtue of this act.

True copy—witness:

HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

**BY HIS EXCELLENCY. SAMUEL WARD KING, Governor.** Captain General and Commander in Chief of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations.

## A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of the State aforesaid, on the twenty eighth day of October last, passed the following Resolutions, to wit:

Whereas, it is the duty of all intelligent beings, to acknowledge their dependence upon Almighty God for the various blessings they enjoy, and to render to him the tribute of grateful hearts; and the season having arrived at which in times past, our ancestors have usually appointed a day for that purpose; therefore:

Resolved by this General Assembly. That Thursday the twenty fifth day of November next, be set apart as a day of Public Thanksgiving and Praise to Almighty God; and the General Assembly recommend to their fellow citizens that on that day, abstaining from all unbecoming labor and unbecoming recreation, they unite in rendering to the Almighty Ruler of the Universe, the homage of sincere and grateful hearts for the innumerable blessings He has conferred upon us; and especially for His blessings upon the labors of the Husbandmen—for the civil and religious liberty we enjoy,—and for preserving to our Country the blessings of Peace; and to beseech Him to enable us at all times, to exhibit our thankfulness to Him for these and all other mercies, by living in reverence of His power and laws, and exhibiting in our intercourse with all men, the spirit of benevolence and affection; and He would grant His blessing upon all our intentions, and perpetuate to us and our latest posterity, their continuance;—would center upon all in legislative, judicial and executive authority, that wisdom and virtue so to discharge their various duties, as to preserve the honor and welfare of the people, and the peace, good order and prosperity of this State and Nation; that sound learning and virtuous education may be diffused throughout our land;—and above all, that He would impress upon our hearts, a deep and habitual sense of the obligation we are under to the Gospel of His Son Jesus Christ, for the glorious hopes of immortal life.

Resolved also. That His Excellency, the Governor, be requested to issue his Proclamation for the observance of that day in pursuance of the foregoing resolution.

I do therefore, pursuant to the above recited Resolution, issue this my Proclamation, to make known the same, that the good people of this State may conform thereto.

Given under my hand, and Seal of said State at Providence, this fourth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty one, of Independence the sixty-sixth.

SAMUEL WARD KING.

By His Excellency's Command:

HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

**Suicide.**—Remember Cole, watchman of the rail road depo, near the Pavilion, was found in the depot, yesterday morning suspended by his neck, with his throat cut. He had apparently jumped from a ladder after adjusting the rope and cutting his throat. He has left a wife and two children and was a remarkably steady and industrious man. No reason is assigned for the rash act.—Providence Jour.

**Loss of the Steamboat Bunker Hill.**—The steamboat Bunker Hill, Capt Huntington, belonging to the Connecticut River Steamboat Company, on her passage from N. York to Hartford, ran ashore about 10 o'clock Sunday morning in the fog, on the Cornfield Point about 2 miles from the Connecticut river. The passengers and freight were landed in safety. It is thought that the machinery will be saved; if so, the loss will be about \$20,000. No insurance.

David Abbot, of Middlebury, Conn. has been found guilty of the murder of his wife on the 13th of July last, and sentenced to be hung on the 3rd Monday of July next. An attempt was made to procure his acquittal on the ground of insanity, but it did not succeed.

**FROM THE INDIAN TERRITORY.**—Santa Fe.—A letter from Fort William, on the Arkansas, of Sept. 21st, states that the Texian forces had not yet arrived at Santa Fe, at the last accounts, but were hourly expected. The Governor was making preparations to give them a warm reception, but the people were inclined to surrender without opposition. It was believed that the preparations of the Governor were more for show than otherwise, as his individual interests would be promoted by the success of the Texans.

A fight between the Pawnees and Arrapahoes "came off" on the Arkansas, near Fort William, in August, in which the former lost seventy-four scalps.—St. Louis Repub.

## NOTICE.

The Anti-Slavery Society of Newport will hold their annual meeting on Monday evening November 8th, at the Union Church on the hill, commencing at 8 o'clock. The Public are invited to attend. Nov. 6.

**BRIGHTON MARKET, Monday, Nov. 1.** Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser

At Market, 2600 Beef Cattle, 1600 Stores, 7500 Sheep and 400 Swine. Prices.—Beef Cattle.—A beautiful lot of Cattle were from Dutchess County, N. Y. and were probably sold higher than our quotations.—We quote First quality 5 50 a 86; second quality, \$4 50 a 5 25; third quality \$3 a 4. 25.

Stores.—Two year old \$8 a \$15. Three year old, \$14 a \$24.

Sheep.—A large number of Sheep were sold at the following prices: \$1 17, 1 33, 1 62, 1 86, \$2, 2 12 and 2 25.

Swine.—In consequence of the limited number at market prices advanced. Lots to peddle at 34c for Sows and 41c for Barrows. A selected lot 4 and 5c. At retail, 4 12 and 5 12c.

## MARRIED.

In this town on Monday last by the Rev. Mr. Leaver, Mr. Arnold L. Young to Miss Eliza B. Sherman, all of this town.

In this town, on Tuesday morning last by the Rev. Franklin G. Smith, Richard Cornell, of New York City to Alice, daughter of Job Sherman, of this town.

On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Vinton, Mr. Benjamin Underwood, to Miss Abby, daughter of Col. Wm. N. G. Helme, all of this town.

In Trinity Church, in this town on Wednesday afternoon, by the Rev. Alexander H. Vinton, Rector of Grace Church, Providence, the Rev. Francis Vinton, Rector of Trinity Church to Miss Elizabeth Oliver, only daughter of the late Commodore Oliver H. Perry, both of this town.

In Middletown, on Wednesday evening by the Rev. Mr. Barrows, Mr. Boies Peckham, jun. of Middletown, to Miss Sarah Ann Gray, daughter of Mr. John Gray of Tiverton.

In West Chester N. Y. on the 26th ult, by the Rev. Mr. Ramsey, Mr. George Faisneau, of this town, to Mrs. Amelia Morasby, of the former place.

## DIED.

In this town on Friday last, at the Marine Hospital, Mr. Folsick of Nantucket, late Mate of the Brig Sooy, of Newport N. J.

On Monday last, Mrs. Francis Gardner, aged 75 years.

At Middletown on the 25th ult. Phoebe Parker, infant daughter of George W. Peckham, aged one year and ten months.

In Providence, on the 19th ult, Abby Frances, oldest daughter of John Brown Francis, Esq. aged 18 years, 1 month and 11 days.

In South Kingstown, on the 26th ult, John B. Dockray, a worthy member of the Society of Friends aged 61 years and 1 day.

Lost overboard, from ship Triton, Bowen. (whaler) just arrived at Warren, Aug 23d. 1840, off Van Dieman's Land. Andrew Conwell steersman, of Tiverton, and James Calwell, seaman, of Taunton. Died, April 15, 1841, at sea, George Sisson, of Tiverton, aged 20 years.

## MERCURY MARINE LIST.

### Port of Newport.

#### ARRIVED.

SUNDAY OCT. 31st. Sch'r Geo. Klotz, Scho' man, from Fall River for Philadelphia; Rehob' ca, Boyington, Salem for do; Independence, Stewart, Fall River for New York.

Sloop Financier, Velsor, from New York for Boston.

Sch'r Edward A. Stephens, Briggs from Providence for New York.

MONDAY NOV 1st.—Sch'r Cicero Nicholson, from N. York for Prov.

Sloop Juho, Brown, from Providence for N. York.

TUESDAY NOV. 2, Sloop Moses Eddy, Blyen, from N. York for Newport & Providence.

Sch'r's Ontario, Shepherd, from Camden, Me. for N. York; Mary Jane, Crowell, from Barnstable for do; Aurora, Chase from Boston for Wilmington N. C.; Guide, Bartlett, from Plymouth for Sag Harbour.

Sloop Superior, Smith, from New York for New Bedford.

WEDNESDAY NOV 3d.—Brig Envoy, Haynes, from Lubec for Philadelphia, Oct 28th. Lat. 42 50 Long 69 10 W. fell in with the wreck of the schooner More of Bremer, Me. Loaded with bark & Lumber, head of her foremast carried away, and no person on board.

Sch'r's, Vahala, Haynes, from Lubec, for Philadelphia; Superior, Kelly from New London for Nantucket. Sloop Yankee, Brightman for N. York.

THURSDAY NOV 4th.—Passed up Barque Essex, of Bristol from a whaling voyage.

Sloops Lewis, Lewis, from Falmouth, for New London; Franklin, Bugby, from Taunton for New Bedford; Glido, Phillips from do, for do; Oscar, Presby, from do, for New York.

FRIDAY NOV. 5.—Brig Lexington, Perry, of Warren for Philadelphia.

Sch'r's Mary Anderson, from Cumberland N. S. for New York; Senate, Nickerson, for

Boston for Alexandria; Hudson, Hawkins, for do for Philadelphia; Eliza, Sayer, from Lubec, for do; Aurora, Demont, from Bath for do; Compeer, Lincoln, from Philadelphia for Providence.

## ENTERED.

Sloop Moses Eddy, Blyen, New York.

## CLEARED.

Sch'r's Van Buren, Rogers, Jacksonville, E. F.

Ship Martha, Davis, port, Pacific Ocean.

Sloop Leader, Davis, Providence.

## MARINE MEMORANDA.

Old at New York 25th ult, sch'r Velusia, Clarke for Beaufort & Swainsborough, N. C.; 28th, Tina, Hart, Falmouth.

Sailed from St. Augustine, 23d ult, sch'r Tasso, Bardick, for N. York.

## WHALES.

Arr at New Bedford, 20th ult, ship William & Henry, Benjamin from Western Islands, with 50 blbs sperm oil for Falmouth—landed 150 blbs at Western Islands. The W. & H. sailed from New Bedford about 7 months since—has returned on account of sickness on board—left the mate and 1 boatsteerer at Western Islands sick. Reports at Western Islands June 10th, ship Martha, of Hudson, landed 120 blbs, and 7 men in irons.

## Weekly Almanac.

1841.	Sun	Sun	Moon	High
NOVEMBER.	rises.	sets.	rises.	water
6 Saturday.	7 1	4 59	morn.	1 52
7 Sunday.	7 2	4 58	0 31	2 43
8 Monday.	7 3	4 57	1 47	3 31
9 Tuesday.	7 4	4 56	3 0	4 19
10 Wednesday.	7 5	4 55	4 12	5 6
11 Thursday.	7 6	4 54	5 24	5 45
12 Friday.	7 7	4 53	6 35	6 45

New Moon 13th 0h 38m. Morn;g

## NEW JERSEY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

### DAILY LINE.

## For NEW-YORK.



The steamers Massachusetts, Capt. COMSTOCK.

RHODE ISLAND, Capt. S. THAYER

The Rhode Island leaves Stonington on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.

The Massachusetts leaves Stonington, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

One of the steamers of this Line will leave New York and Stonington, DAILY (Sundays excepted) at the usual hour, on the arrival of the train that leaves Boston at 4 o'clock, P. M.

Fare 85.

Freight from Providence to New York 6 cents per cubic foot

## NOTICE.

"The Summer is past, The Harvest is ended."

I SHALL now attend at my store to UNDERSELL all name & NAMELESS Stores.—I have New Calicoes, Cottons, Flannels, Twilled Cottons, Jams, Merinoes, and a variety of Lace and other goods all of which I shall sell low for the CASH for it is a friend I am now in great need of.

WM. JAMES TILLEY.

I have 300 Bushels of Table Potatoes, and a lot of Pork and Beef for sale, cheap.

Nov. 3.

## Bulbous Roots & Flowers.

At No 149 Thames street

Consisting of Tulips of 40 kinds and colours; Double White Narcissus; Snakes Head Iris; Onthog'lums; Pink & Yellow striped Gladiolus; Tiger Lillies; Crocus, &c. &c.

ALSO.—Rose Bushes; Geraniums; Seedums; Callows, &c. at very low prices. Call and see them.

CHARLES N. TILLEY.

For sale cheap for Cash, 7 or 8 small Coal Stoves, New and second hand.

Nov 6.

Court of Probate, Newport, Nov. 1st 1841

WHEREAS the Executor's Account on the Estate of REBECCA FINNIGER, late of Newport, Widow, dec. was presented for allowance.

It is ordered. That the said Account be received, and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Clerk's Office in Newport on first Monday in December next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, by publishing a copy of this Order, three several times in the Newport Mercury, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard by Order.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk

## October 30, 1841.

### NEW FALL GOODS.

WM. C. COZZENS, & Co.

HAVE BEEN receiving during the last 4 weeks, their usual large supply of FALL & WINTER GOODS,

comprising a general assortment of the newest and most fashionable styles of

MOUSELINE DE LAI NES.

SILKS.

Alpacas,

Printed Chene Merinoes,

Plain English do,

Dark French Prints,

Shawls, Scarfs, &c,

Rich Ribbons, Gloves, &c. &c.

and they are offered for sale at the lowest prices that goods of equal quality can be bought for in any market.

Beach Goats Hair Camblets, Colored Waved Beaver Cloths. Diamond do. do. Plain Pilot Cloths. Broadcloths in all their variety. Cassimeres plain and fancy. Stom Satinets, Kerseys, Vermont Cloths, &c. &c. all lately received, and offered for sale at the lowest market prices by Wm. C. COZZENS & Co. Oct-30, 1841.

## MARINE INSURANCE.

THE undersigned Agent, will effect Insurance on White Ships and On board, at the lowest rates of premium BENJ. MUMFORD.

Newport Oct. 22. 3m

## COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Portsmouth Commissioners on the Estate of

THOMAS BROWNELL.

late of Portsmouth dec. represented insolvent, hereby give notice to the Creditors of said estate that they must present their claims to either of the Commissioners. within six months from the date hereof; and that we will meet and decide on the legality of their respective claims, at the Inn of Oliver D. Greene, on the 1st Saturday of April 1842 at 2 o'clock P. M.

JOHN CORY.

ASA FREEBORN. } Comm's.

JOHN BURGINGTON. }

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

OLIVER BROWNELL.

Administrator on said Estate.

Portsmouth, Oct. 16, 1841.

## TOWN TAX.

THE Subscriber, Collector of the Town Tax, hereby gives notice that he has received from the Assessor the Tax Book for 1841, and requests all persons subject to taxation, to call at the office No. 57, opposite the Post Office Thames street, and settle.

JEREMIAH GOODSPEED, Coll'r

Oct. 9.

## FOR SALE.

A FIRST RATE Covered Wagon built last spring, and is now in complete order, having been run but very little the past summer. Apply to T. STACY Jr.

Opposite the Post Office.

Oct. 23.

## NOTICE.

THE Co Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of

DANIEL B. DAVIS, & CO

was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 24th ult. All persons holding demands against the late firm, are requested to present them for settlement to Daniel B. Davis, who is authorized to adjust the same; and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and all those accounts that have been long standing, unless settled soon, will be put into the hands of an Attorney for collection.

DANIEL B. DAVIS.

ALEXIS MENAGE,

Oct 23.



DANIEL B. DAVIS.

Will continue to carry on the Boot and Shoe business at the old stand No 158 Thames street, where will be found a general assortment

of Boots & Shoes.

which he will sell as cheap as any store in Newport. Grateful for past favours, he hereby solicits a continuance of their patronage.

Gentlemen & Ladies Boots and shoes, manufactured to order in the neatest manner and of the best materials, at the shortest notice, and particular attention paid to repairing.

Oct 23.—3w.

## EXECUTORS NOTICE.

THE subscribers hereby give notice that they have been appointed Executors to the last will and testament of

SAMUEL CORY,



## Poetry.

### The fall of the Oak.

An Autumn Scene.

By G. Hill.

A glorious tree is the old gray oak,  
He has stood for thousand years,  
On the woods around,  
Like a king among his peers.  
As round their king they stand, so now,  
When the flowers their pale leaves fold,  
The tall trees round him stand arrayed,  
In their robes of purple and gold.

The autumn sun looks kindly down,  
But the frost is on the leaf,  
And sprinkles the horn  
Of the owl at noon.  
As she lies to the old oak tree,  
Not a leaf is stirred,  
Not a sound is heard  
But the thump of the thrasher's flail,  
Or the low wailing cry,  
Of the hound on the fox's trail.

The forester, he has whistling plumed,  
With his axe in the deep wood's gloom,  
That shrouds the hill  
Where, few and chill  
The sunbeams straggling come:  
His brassy arm he bares and laid  
His axe at the root of the tree,  
The old gray oak,  
And, with lusty stroke,  
He wields it merrily:

With lusty stroke,  
And the old gray oak,  
Through the folds of his gorgeous vest  
You may see him swing,  
And the night owl break  
From her perch in his leafy crest.  
She will come but to find him gone from  
Where

He stood, at the break of day;  
Like a cloud, that melts as it melts to air,  
He has past with a crash away.

Through the spring in bloom and frost in  
gold  
No more his limbs attire,  
On the stormy wave  
He shall float and brave  
The blast and the battle-fire:  
Shall spread his white wings to the wind  
And thunder on the deep,  
As he thundered when  
His bough was green  
On the high and stormy steep

## THE WEDDING BELL.

By T. M. HALEY.

Hark! from yonder holy pile  
Wedding-bells are ringing,  
White-robed forms who crown the aisle,  
Solemn chants are singing.  
See the happy bride appear,  
Yet her footsteps falter;  
Wherefore should she shed a tear,  
At the holy altar?  
Tis not that she wishes now  
From her love to sever,  
Tis that she should break his vow  
She is lost forever.  
Caresses are the fears, fair bride,  
Vain the doubts that grieve thee;  
See him kneeling by your side,  
Think not he'll deceive thee.  
Binding be his faithful oath,  
And his love increasing;  
And may Heaven bestow on both  
Pleasures never ceasing.  
May that hand protect thee still,  
Thine now fondly pressing,  
And in every earthly ill  
Be thy guard and blessing,  
Youth! the hope her bosom knows,  
Dies if you forsake her;  
Never let her sigh for those  
From whose arms you take her.  
All her fondness ne'er forget,  
Even when youth is over;  
Never let the wife regret  
That she blessed the lover!  
May thy cares be her alone,  
Frankly be confided;  
May the ties that make you one  
Never be divided.

## AGRICULTURAL.

### FATTENING ANIMALS.

There are some rules which may be advantageously adopted in feeding animals, which, however obvious they may be, are too often passed over, or neglected. Some of these will be specified; and

1st. The preparation of food.—This should be so prepared that its nutritive properties may be all made available to the use of the animal, and not only so, but appropriated with the least possible expenditure of muscular energy. The ox that is obliged to wander over an acre to get the food he should find on two or three square rods—the horse that is two or three hours eating the coarse food he would swallow in fifteen minutes if the grain was ground or the hay cut up as it should be—the sheep that spends hours in making its way into a turnip, when it is sliced it would eat it in as many minutes—the pig that eats raw potatoes, or whole corn when either cooked could be eaten in one quarter of the time now used; may indeed fatten; but much less rapidly than if their food was given them in a proper manner. All food should be given to a fattening animal in such a state, that as little time and labor as possible on the part of the animal, shall be required in eating.

2d. The food should be in abundance.—From the time the fattening process commences; until the animal is slaughtered, he should never be without food. Health and appetite are best promoted by change of food rather than by limiting the quantity. The animal that is starved and starved by turns, may have streaked meat, but it will be made too slowly for the profit of the good farmer.

3d. The food should be given regularly.—This is one of the most essential points in feeding animals. If given irregularly, the animal indeed consumes his food, but he soon acquires a restless disposition, is disturbed at every appearance of the feeder, and is never in that quiet state so necessary to the taking on of fat.—It is surprising how readily any animal acquires habits of regularity in feeding, and how soon the influence of this is felt in the improvement of his condition. When at the regular hour the pig has his pudding, or the sheep its turnips, they compose themselves to rest with the consciousness that their digestion is not to be unseasonably disturbed, or their quiet broken by unwanted invitation to eat.

4th. All creature fatten much faster in the dark than in the light, a fact only to be accounted for by their greater quiet. Some of those creatures that are the most irritable and impatient of restraint while feeding, such as turkeys and geese, are found to take on fat rapidly when confined in dark rooms, and only fed at stated times by hand. There is no surer proof that the pig is doing well, than to see him eat his meal quickly and retire to his bed, to sleep or cogitate until the hour of feeding returns.  
A Cultivator.

From the Boston Courier Monday Nov. 2. WOOL.

The transactions in this article have been to a fair extent without any change on prices. The supply of most descriptions is equal to the demand. The stock of pulled is rather limited. An import of 40,000 lbs. Buenos Ayres, the last importation, has been sold, price out public—the precise terms not being definitely settled at the close of the present report.

Prices of WOOL—Prime or Saxony fleece 4 a 50 cents per lb.; American full blood washed, 43 a 45; do. 34 a 40; do. 40 a 42; do. 12 a 35 a 33; 14 a common, 30 a; 33 a superfine Nethorn, pulled lambs' 42 a 45.

### Valuable FARM for Sale.

The subscriber offers for Sale, the FARM he now occupies, pleasantly situated in Middletown, only 2 1/2 miles from the State-House in Newport, and 1 mile north of Sechewest Beach. It contains about 31 Acres of pasture and tillage land, and is well watered with never-failing springs. The Farm has on it a good two-story Dwelling-House, barn, crib, and other buildings;—there is also now growing on the Farm, nearly 3000 ornamental & quince trees. The Land is high, affording a very extensive prospect, and for a Summer residence, or for a practical farmer, is not exceeded by any on the Island. For terms, which will be reasonable apply to.

ELIPHAZ BARKER.  
Middletown, June 10, 1841.

### BREAD AND FANCY CAKE BAKERY.

No. 70, Thames-Street.

D. GOFF returns his sincere thanks to his friends for the very liberal support he has received since he has been in Newport, and assures them that no pains will be spared to merit their future patronage.

Loaf Bread warranted not to turn sour in the hottest weather.—Crackers, Cakes, &c. of the best quality.

Brown Bread, only 10 cents a Loaf

Customers without exception, are requested to supply themselves with Bread on Saturday for Sunday, as my shop will not be opened at any time on that day.

Newport, April 3—6m.

### AUCTION & COMMISSION STORE.

The subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the store in Thames street, No. 142, formerly occupied by Wm. Lovin, dec. and intends carrying on the AUCTION & COMMISSION BUSINESS, and will attend to sales at auction in any part of the town. He will also receive goods at his store to sell at auction, or at private sale on commission.

Please call at the old Auction Stand and get the good bargains.

He has for sale on Commissions, 10,000 Spanish and Half Spanish Cigars—also a general assortment of CONFEC-TIONARY. Charles N. Tilley.  
Newport, May 8, 1841.

### DENTISTRY.

LEWIS F. GALLUP, M. D. respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of NEWPORT, that he has returned to the Rooms which he formerly occupied in Spring Street, near Trinity Church, where he will be happy to attend to all persons who may require his professional assistance.

Newport, August 7, 1841.

### COAL.

The subscriber offers for Sale, a quantity of Gate Vein COAL in lots to suit purchasers, at the Perry Factory wharf;—Cheap for Cash.—2240 lbs. to the ton.

NICHOLAS GIFFORD.  
July 3.

### FRENCH LAWNS.

AN Elegant Assortment of colored LAWNS, for Sale low at No. 132, Thames-street, by  
J. M. COOK & Co.  
Newport, May 29.

### SCHOOL.

THE Rev. John H. Rouse, Rector of St. Paul's Church, Wickford, proposes to receive into his Family, three or four Boys, from 8 to 12 years of age, and will superintend, and take the sole charge of them, in reference to their instruction, and deportment generally.—Terms, for Instruction, board washing, &c \$125 per annum.  
Reference to the Episcopal Clergy generally, in Rhode-Island.  
Wickford, July 23, 1841.

### FOR SALE, OR TO LET.

And Possession given immediately.

The splendid Mansion, lately occupied by Borden Wood, Esq.—It is beautifully situated on the rising ground about one mile and 3/4 miles north of the State House in Newport, facing on the main road, and commands a very extensive view of the harbor and bay. The main building is 40 by 27 feet, and contains 8 rooms, including drawing rooms, and attached in the rear, is an addition containing the kitchen and washroom below, and servants' lodging rooms above—with a good cellar the whole size of the house. There is also a good coach house, and other out-buildings, an excellent well of water, and brick cistern, both connected with the house by lead pipes. The lot consists of 2 3/4 acres of good land, handsomely laid out, and having on it a great number of ornamental trees. The house is but two years old, and was built and finished with first rate materials, and in modern style.

This establishment is admirably calculated for a gentleman's residence, and if immediate application is made, it will be sold at a great bargain—much below the first cost—or a tenant will be received at a moderate rent.—For further particulars apply to  
CHARLES DEVENS, or  
WM. WEEDEN.  
Newport, May 29.

THE Subscriber has been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of Newport, Administrator, with the Will annexed, on the Estate of  
THOMAS RODMAN GARDINER, late of said Newport, dec. and has given bond according to law.—He hereby requests all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and those having demands, to present them to him for adjustment.

PELEG ANTHONY, Adm'r  
with the Will annexed.  
Newport, August 7, 1841

A GENTLE HORSE & COVERED WAGON, to let by the day, or week by  
T. STACY, Jr.  
Opposite the PoOffice  
Newport Aug 7.

### BOARDING HOUSE.

THE Subscriber has taken the commodious House No. 63, Thames-Street, for many years occupied by Mr. A. Murray as a Boarding House, and would be glad to accommodate steady or transient Boarders, on reasonable terms.  
THOMAS M. SEABURY.

A LARGE lot of Fashionable Straw Bonnets, suitable for travelling, for sale  
H. SESSIONS  
Sept. 4

JUST RECEIVED.  
RED, white and yellow Flannels, R twilled and plain. Cheap and good Broadcloths, Pilot Cloths and Cassimeres, by  
H. SESSIONS.  
Sept 3

PURE EXTRACT OF SPANISH SASSAPARILLA.—Wm. Brown chemist No. 31 Washington street Boston has prepared a liquid extract of Sarsaparilla by a steam process without boiling the root. It is an entire new preparation of Sarsaparilla never before prepared in this or any other country. It has been in constant use for the past six months by some of the first physicians in Boston, and all those who wish to go through a regular course of Sarsaparilla treatment can be referred to them. The preparation contains no other article than the pure Spanish Sarsaparilla, and one great improvement over all other preparations of Sarsaparilla is not reduced by adding sugar to form a syrup. This article is well adapted to the practice of physicians, as they can learn by calling on the proprietor, the quantity of Sarsaparilla contained in each bottle.—The quantity required is small compared with the Syrup. It is the cheapest preparation of Sarsaparilla now in use, considering its strength. Price 62 1/2 cts per bottle. Dealers and families can be supplied with this valuable article as above. It will be found at retail by most of the druggists throughout the U. States.

A copyright is secured for the directions and each direction signed Wm. Brown on the outside.

The above article is a sure remedy for all complaints occasioned by an impure state of the blood, diseases of the skin, scrofula, rheumatism, salt rheum, erysipelas, and to remove the effect of calomel.

Just received a supply and for sale in Newport by R. J. Taylor, I. Balch Prov. dence.—Thernton & Son New Bedford.  
Newport March 27, 1841.

### MERCHANTS BANK.

At the Annual Meeting of the Stock holders of the Merchants Bank on Monday, the 4th inst. the following persons were elected Directors for the year ensuing, viz.—S. Whitehouse, E. W. Lawton, Isaac Gould, N. S. Ruggles, John V. Hammett, Thomas Bush, N. Sweet, Richard Swan, Silas H. Cottrell.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Samuel Whitehouse was re-elected President.

C. GYLES, Cashier.  
Newport, Oct. 9.

### OIL SILK, FOR BATHING CAPS, for sale by H. SESSIONS.

### THE MOST HIGHLY APPROVED MEDICINE NOW IN GENERAL USE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS.

THE VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM is believed to be deservedly the most popular Medicine ever known in America, for coughs, colds, asthma, or phthisis, consumption, whooping cough, and Pulmonary affections of every kind.

The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam has been very extensively used for about 15 years; and its reputation has been constantly increasing so universally popular has this article become that it may now be considered as a standard article in a large part of the United States and British Provinces. Many families keep it constantly by them, considering it the most safe as well as certain remedy for the above complaints. The Proprietors have received, and are receiving numerous testimonials from many of our best Physicians, who make use of it in their practice. The names of a few individuals who have given their testimony in favor of this article, are here subjoined, and for a more full account see the envelope to the bottle.

Dr. Amory Hunting, Dr. Samuel Morril,  
" Truman Abbott, " Timothy Baylies  
" Jero. Ellsworth, " Albert Guild.

### CERTIFICATES.

From Dr. Thomas Brown.  
Messrs. Lewis & Reed, Gent.—The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, has been extensively used, in the section of the country where I reside, for several years past and has justly acquired a high reputation in numerous complaints. So far as my knowledge extends it has never disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it.

THOMAS BROWN, M. D.  
Concord, N. H. May 11, 1831.

Messrs. Reed, Wing & Cutler, Gentlemen.—I feel it a duty I owe the public, and especially to hundreds of my fellow beings who are now suffering under different diseases of the lungs, to give you a statement of the good effects I have experienced from the use of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam. Having from my youth up been troubled with different complaints of the lungs, such as spitting of blood, a dry troublesome cough, frequent hoarseness, with severe fits of coughing, and indeed all the symptoms of consumption, and from time to time I have consulted several eminent Physicians, and have taken much medicine, but I received little or no relief, and at last they told me there was no help for me; that my case was beyond the reach of their medicines. In the spring of 1837 I was advised by a friend to try the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam. I obtained two bottles, and on trial I was surprised to find so sudden and efficient relief which it gave me; and after using it about 5 weeks all my complaints were entirely removed, and I was restored to good health. Since that time I have kept it constantly by me, in case of the appearance of any of the above complaints.

I have known a large number of cases where all other medicines have failed of affording any relief, the Balsam was at length resorted to, and speedily effected a cure. I would therefore recommend to every person that has any of the above complaints, on their first appearance to take the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, which they will find a safe, convenient and positive cure. Respect yours,  
T. P. MERRIAM.  
New Bedford, Mass. July 30, 1841.

Counterfeits, Beware of Impostion!—Each genuine bottle is enclosed in a blue wrapper, on which is a yellow label, signed by Wm. JONN CUTLER. None other can be genuine of a later date than Decem. 1839. The Signature of Sampson Reed will be continued for a short time.

The great celebrity of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam has been the cause of attempts, to introduce spurious articles which by partially assuming the name of the genuine, are calculated to mislead and deceive the public. Among these mixtures are "Carter's Compound Pulmonary Balsam," "American Pulmonary Balsam," "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam," "Pulmonary Balsam," and others. Purchasers should enquire for the true article by its whole name, The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, and see that it has the marks and signatures of the genuine.

Each bottle and seal is stamped "The Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam."

For sale by REED, WING & CUTLER, (late Lewis & Reed) wholesale dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Dye Stuffs, No. 54, Chatham Street, Boston, and by Druggists and country merchants generally in New-England, and in the principal places throughout the United States and British Provinces.—Price 50 cents.

September 4, 1841

The above Balsam, is for sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent  
Newport September 4, 1841.

### Marine and Fire Insurance.

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Fanny, Providence, R. I. continue to insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cottons, Woollens, and other Manufactures, Building and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—The capital stock is

\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Director elected June 1st, 1840:—

William Rhodes, Martin Stoddard,  
Wilbur Kelly, Solomon Townsend,  
Albert R. Stafford, Nathaniel Bishop,  
Amos D. Smith, George S. Rathbone,  
Resolved Waterman, Caleb Harris and  
Shubael Hutchings, Jacob Bullock,  
Ebenezer Kelley.

Persons wishing for Insurance, are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with particular descriptions of the property) per mail, to the President and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.  
WILLIAM RHODES, President.  
ALLEN O. PECK, Sec'y.  
American Insurance Co's  
Office, June 4, 1840.

### CEDAR SHINGLES.

300,000 North-Carolina Cedar SHINGLES, and 10,000 feet hard pine BOARDS, just landed, and having been received on consignment, will be sold for first cost and freight, by  
H. BULL.  
July 24.

S. B. Refined Newark Cider VINEGAR, just received, and for sale on Commission, at No. 142 Thames st  
CHARLES N. TILLEY.  
August 7.

### HEALTH AND STRENGTH!

Dr. S. O. RICHARDSON'S Sherry Wine Bitters,

ARE the only sure remedy for Dyspepsia and Jaundice that has ever been discovered—and their general use for 32 years, with recommendations from the most eminent of the Medical Faculty, and editorial notices from the Boston Morning Post, Daily Mail, Plymouth Memorial, Barnstable Patriot, Essex Banner, Lowell Patriot, Bunker Hill Aurora, Portsmouth Gazette, Dover Gazette, Northern Star, Lincoln Telegraph, N. Y. Evening Signal, &c. must assure the afflicted that they possess wonderful merit.

They give Life, elasticity and vigor, to the viscera, promote the peristaltic action, cleanse the stomach and bowels from unhealthy accumulations, and purify and enliven the blood in the most thorough and effectual manner.

They are the most certain remedy for all those prevalent Diseases called Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Heartburn, Dizziness, Headache, Wandering or settled pains, Sinking faintness, Sour stomach, loss of appetite, Weakness of the limbs, Nervous debility, Costiveness, piles, and all diseases caused by an unhealthy state of the stomach & bowels.

They are the unrivaled and efficacious compound of a regular physician, and graduate of the New-Hampshire Medical College, who has made the study of Medicine his profession.

Being composed entirely of vegetables, they are of such a nature that they may be taken, for any length of time by invalids of any age, without injuring the system or exposing it to take cold.

Orders from Agents, merchants, traders, apothecaries and dealers in medicines, will be punctually attended to, and sent to any part of the country, safely packed in boxes.

A liberal discount will be allowed on the sale for sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover street Boston, and in most Towns in the New-England States.

PRICE 75 CENTS per Bottle—50 Cents per paper.

For sale in Newport, by R. J. Taylor, John Easton, S. Sterne, G. Knowler jun. and J. J. Allan—and by J. Headley, in Portsmouth.

Newport, May 1.

### NEWPORT DYE-HOUSE

JOHN H. CLEGG  
SILK, COTTON, and WOOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the DYE HOUSE, formerly occupied by J. Viuer, situated in Tanner street, where he is prepared to dye and finish at 10 days notice in the best manner, the following articles, viz: such as

Broadcloths, Silks,  
Cassimeres, Crapes,  
Merinos, Satins,  
Circassians, Pongees,  
Bombazines, Hosiery,  
Gloves, &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarn merino, circassian, bombazine, & crape dresses; gentlemen's woollen garments such as coats, frock and great coats, suits, vests, and pantaloons—dyed and pressed without ripping.—Dresses colored for One Dollar each.

He will also clean gentlemen's wollen garments of every description, in a neat style—merino and Cashmere shawls cleaned and whitened, without injury to the border—carpets and wollen table cloths cleaned also.

All articles left at the Dye House in Tanner street, or the following Agents will receive prompt attention.—A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John Hedley Portsmouth.

Newport, April 30

### FOR SALE.

THAT Valuable Farm in Portsmouth, within a few rods of Bristol Ferry, containing 61 Acres of good Land.—Said Farm has on it a convenient Dwelling-House and other out-buildings, and is divided into lots with good stone walls, it is well watered, and has a valuable privilege for sea manure, being bounded for half a mile on the shore; a mine of good coal and one of plumbago have been opened on the farm, and there are indications of its being in abundance;—Said Farm has on it a thriving orchard of selected fruit; and the farm is suitable for a country residence, or for a practical farmer.—An indisputable title will be given. For further information, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

ANDREW MCCORRIE.  
Portsmouth, July 3.

### PAPER-HANGINGS

Cheaper than Ever!!

M. FREEBORN will sell PAPER-HANGINGS cheap, or than any ever offered for sale in this Town.

Those in want of the article are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock, consisting of 4000 Rolls of new and elegant patterns, from 100 to 12 1/2 cts Also, Borders, chimney board paper, and Band boxes.—Just received at No. 22 Broad-Street.

Newport, March 27.

### CLOCKS.

A Large lot of first rate alarm, 8 day brass and wood CLOCKS selling low at  
T. T. SHEFFIELD'S.

### NEW PRINTS.

New Fall Prints just received by  
H. SESSIONS.  
September 4

### MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS, And PHENIX BITTERS

The LIFE MEDICINES recommend themselves in diseases of every form and description. Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach the bowels, the various impurities and cruditie constantly settling around them, and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the small intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse these and leave such collected masses behind as to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhoea, with its imminent dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death, and hence the prejudices of those well informed men against quack medicines, or medicines prepared and heralded to the public by ignorant persons. The second effect of the Life Medicines is to cleanse the kidneys and the bladder, and by this means the liver, and the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the ordinary organs. The blood which takes its red color from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being thus purified by them through the veins, renews every part of the system and triumphantly mounts the banner of health in the blooming cheek.

Moffat's Life Medicines, have been the roughly tested and pronounced a sovereign remedy for Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Palpitation of the heart, Loss of appetite, Heartburn and Head ache, Restlessness, ill temper, Anxiety, Langour and Melancholy Costiveness, Diarrhoea, Cholera, Fever, of kinds, Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsies, of kinds, Sores, scorbutic eruptions, and bad Complexions, eruptive Complaints, as flow, cloudy and other disagreeable complexion, salt rheum, erysipelas, common colds and influenza, and various other complaints which afflict the human frame. In Fever and Ague, particularly the Life Medicines have been most eminently successful, so much so that in the Fever and Ague districts, Physicians almost universally prescribe them.

All that Mr. Moffat requires of his patients, is to be particular in taking the Life Medicine strictly according to the directions. It is not by a newspaper notice, to by any thing that he himself may say in their favor, that he hopes to gain credit, it is alone by the result of a fair trial.

MOFFAT'S MEDICAL MANUAL, designed as a domestic guide to health.—This little pamphlet edited by W. B. Moffat, 373, Broadway, New-York, has been published for the purpose of explaining more fully Mr. Moffat's theory of diseases, and will be found highly interesting to persons seeking health. It treats upon prevailing diseases, and the causes thereof. Price 25 cents—for sale by Mr. Moffat's agents generally.

These Valuable Medicines are for sale

R. J. TAYLOR'S  
Medicine Store No. 148, Thames-street  
Newport, (R. I.)

Where the Pills can be obtained for 25 cents, 50 cents, or \$1 per box; and the Bitters for \$1 or \$2 per bottle.—Numerous Certificates of the wonderful efficacy of both may be there inspected.  
Newport, May 16, 1840.

### THE HAIR: THE HAIR!

NO better evidence is wanting to show the superiority of the Genuine Buffalo Oil, over the preparations, than a number of Druggists are endeavoring to imitate and foster their miserable imitations on the public, for genuine. Read advertisement. Beware of pedlars.

Genuine Buffalo Oil is fast taking the place of all other articles to promote the growth, soften and beautify the Hair; its use gives it a softness that no other article does, and causes it to curl beautifully—by free use it will darken and give the hair a satin gloss. It is highly perfumed and gives perfect satisfaction to all that have given it a trial. You will observe the signature of the proprietor, "William Brown," also, "Buffalo Oil" imprinted on the bottle. In consequence of a counterfeit which has recently appeared and is now for sale, I have been persuaded to obtain a new label engraved on copper, for which I have secured a copy right, entered according to an act of Congress in 1839, in the clerk's office in the District Court of Massachusetts. Any infringement will be dealt with according to law.

None genuine, unless signed in my own hand writing. For sale in Newport by R. J. TAYLOR, and Dr. R. R. HAZARD  
August, 22.

### FOR SALE.

THE Dwelling-House and Lot of Land, pleasantly situated on Thames and corner of Bridge-streets, and now occupied by Capt. Wm. Messer, and formerly the residence of Mrs. F. Woodman.—It has a large Garden, a store house, and a never failing well of water. For further particulars, enquire of  
JOHN STEVENS.  
Newport, March 6.

### BLEACHED and unbleached Sheetings and Shirts, by the piece or yard, for sale low, at No. 132, Thames-street, by

May 29, J. M. COOK & Co.

### INDIAN BALM OF LIVER WORT.

A COUGH is always Dangerous. In all changeable and severe climate, it is important to attend to COLDS, with which we are all more or less afflicted. If neglected too long, it is difficult to remove them, sometimes impossible, and confirmed consumption is the result. In all Lung complaints, Mr. M. Gardner's Indian Balm of Liverwort is justly esteemed of infinite value. It has been used for eight or ten years with unparalleled success, and many individuals might named, who, but for its healing virtue, and renovating powers, would not be present now to testify to its efficacy.

THE above is for Sale in Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Thames-street.  
March 30.